

JAN 10 2020



U.S. Customs and
Border Protection
9495 Customhouse Plaza
San Diego, CA 92154

NOTICE OF SEIZURE AND INFORMATION TO CLAIMANTS
CAFRA FORM

CERTIFIED - RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED 7018309000010911 [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] Ramirez
[REDACTED]

Chula Vista, CA 91911

Re: Case Number 20202506000 [REDACTED]

Dear Sir/Madam:

This is to notify you that U.S. Customs & Border Protection seized the property described below at Otay Cross Border Express on December 23, 2019:

U.S. Currency in the amount of \$10,138.00.

The appraised domestic value of the property is \$10,138.00.

The property was seized and is subject to forfeiture under the provisions of 31 USC § 5316 and 31 USC § 5317 for failure to file the required financial statement for currency in excess of \$10,000.00.

The facts available to CBP indicate that you have an interest in the seized property. The purpose of this letter is to advise you of the options available to you concerning this seizure. Two important documents—an “Election of Proceedings” form and a “Seized Asset Claim” form--are enclosed with this letter. You must choose one of the options outlined below, indicate your choice on the “Election of Proceedings” form, and return it, and any other necessary documents, to CBP within the allotted time frame (see options below).

Your options are as follows:

1. **Petition:** You may file a petition with this office within 30 days from the date of this letter in accordance with Title 19, United States Code (U.S.C.), Section 1618 and Title 19, Code of Federal Regulations (C.F.R.), Sections 171.1 and 171.2 (19 C.F.R. §§ 171.1, 171.2), seeking the remission of the forfeiture. If you are unable to file a petition within 30 days, you may request an extension, in writing, from the Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures Office listed below. The petition does not need to be in any specific form, but it must describe the property involved, identify the date and place of the seizure, include all the facts and circumstances which you believe warrant relief from forfeiture and must include proof of your interest in or claim to the property. Examples of proof of interest include, but are not limited to, a car title, loan

agreement, or documentation of the source of funds. If you choose this option, you must check **Box 1** on the “Election of Proceedings” form.

By completing Box 1 on the “Election of Proceedings” form, you are requesting administrative processing. You are requesting that CBP refrain from beginning forfeiture proceedings while your petition is pending or that CBP halt forfeiture proceedings if they have already commenced.

If you choose to file an administrative petition and are dissatisfied with the petition decision (initial petition or supplemental petition), you will have an additional 60 days from the date of the initial petition decision, or 60 days from the date of the supplemental petition decision, or such other time as specified by Fines, Penalties & Forfeitures Officer to file a claim to the property requesting a referral to the U.S. Attorney. If you do not act within these time frames, the property may be administratively forfeited to the United States. You may also request a referral to the U.S. Attorney at any point prior to the issuance of a petition decision by filing a claim. *Please see section 4 of this letter for information on how to request judicial action.* If you take such action after filing a petition for relief, your pending petition will be withdrawn from consideration.

If you request a referral to the U. S. Attorney or if another person asserting an interest in the same property chooses a referral to the U. S. Attorney, the matter will be referred to the U.S. Attorney who will have the authority to file a forfeiture action against the property in federal court pursuant to Title 18, U.S.C., Section 983(a)(3) (19 U.S.C. § 983(a)(3)).

If upon receipt of your petition, the matter has already been referred to the U.S. Attorney’s Office for the institution of judicial forfeiture proceedings, your petition will be forwarded to the U.S. Attorney’s Office for consideration.

2. **Offer in Compromise:** At any time prior to forfeiture, you may file an offer in compromise in accordance with 19 U.S.C. § 1617 and 19 C.F.R. §§ 161.5, 171.31. The offer must specifically state that you are making it under the provisions of 19 U.S.C. § 1617. If you are offering money in settlement of the case, you must include payment (bank draft, cashier’s check or certified check, drawn on a U.S. financial institution, and made payable to CBP) in the amount of your offer. CBP may only consider the amount of your offer and will return the full offer if it is rejected. *This option may serve to delay the case.* If you choose this option, you must check **Box 2** on the “Election of Proceedings” form.

If you choose to submit an offer in compromise and are dissatisfied with the offer decision, you will have an additional 30 days from the date of the offer decision to file a claim requesting a referral for judicial action. If you do not act within the additional 30 days, the property may be forfeited to the United States.

You may also request a referral for judicial action at any point prior to the issuance of the offer decision by fully completing the enclosed "Seized Asset Claim" form or by otherwise submitting a complete judicial claim consistent with the requirements under 18 U.S.C. § 983(a)(2)(C). If you take such action, your petition or offer will be considered to have been withdrawn.

If, upon receipt of your offer, the matter has already been referred to the U.S. Attorney's Office for the institution of judicial forfeiture proceedings, your offer will be forwarded to the U.S. Attorney's Office for consideration as an offer in settlement of the judicial action, as appropriate.

3. **Abandon:** You may abandon the property or state that you have no claim to or interest in it. If you choose this option, you should check **Box 3** on the "Election of Proceedings" form. The Government may proceed with forfeiture proceedings or address claims from other parties concerning the property, without further involving you.
4. **Court Action:** On or before 35 days from the date of this letter, you may request referral of this matter to the U.S. Attorney, who will have the authority to file a forfeiture action against the property in federal court pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 983(a)(3). If you choose this option, you should check **Box 4** on the "Election of Proceedings" form, and fully complete the enclosed "Seized Asset Claim" form or otherwise submit a complete judicial claim as required by 18 U.S.C. § 983(a)(2)(C).

Take No Action: If you choose to do nothing, this office may initiate forfeiture action. The first notice will be posted on or about 35 days from the date of this letter.

For property appraised in excess of \$5,000, CBP will post notice of seizure and intent to forfeit on the internet at www.forfeiture.gov for 30 consecutive days.

For property appraised at \$5000 or less, CBP will post a notice of seizure and intent to forfeit in a conspicuous place accessible to the public at the customhouse or Border Patrol sector office (where appropriate) nearest the place of seizure as well as on the internet at www.forfeiture.gov for 30 consecutive days.

Release on Payment: If the seized merchandise is not, by law, prohibited from entry into the commerce of the United States, you may, within 30 days of this letter, submit an offer to pay the full appraised domestic value of the seized property accompanied by the full payment (bank draft, cashier's check or certified check, drawn on a U.S. financial institution, and made payable to CBP) or an irrevocable letter of credit in accordance with 19 U.S.C. § 1614 and 19 C.F.R. § 162.44.

If CBP accepts your offer to substitute release of the seized property on payment, the property will be immediately released, and the payment or letter of credit will be substituted for the seized property. You may still submit a petition, offer in compromise, or request that the matter be referred to the U.S. Attorney's Office and you must check

the appropriate box on the "Election of Proceedings" form. The decision letter on your offer will provide you with the time frames for those options.

If, upon receipt of your offer, the matter has already been referred to the U.S. Attorney's Office for the institution of judicial forfeiture proceedings, your offer will be forwarded to the U.S. Attorney for consideration.

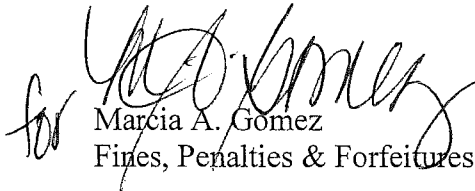
Holder of a Lien or Security Interest: If you are a holder of a lien or security interest and you do not file a request for court action (option 4 above), you may avail yourself of any of the other enumerated options. No relief will be granted to you until after forfeiture, unless your petition, offer or request is accompanied by an agreement to hold the United States, its officers and employees harmless, and a release from the registered owner and/or person from whom the property was seized.

All accompanying documents must be in the English language or accompanied by an English language translation and submitted in duplicate.

No matter which box you check on the "Election of Proceedings" form, you should sign, date and return the form, along with any petition, offer in compromise, or request for judicial proceedings, if those documents are necessary to support the option you choose. *A "Seized Asset Claim" form should only be completed, signed, and returned if you make a claim and ask for the case to be referred for judicial forfeiture.* Important: If these forms are not enclosed with this letter, please promptly call the telephone number below.

All correspondence should be addressed to U.S. Customs and Border Protection, 9495 Customhouse Plaza, San Diego, CA 92154. If further information is required, contact Paralegal Specialist John Shea at (619) 671-8210. All inquiries should reference the case number.

Sincerely,


for
Marcia A. Gomez
Fines, Penalties & Forfeitures Officer

Enclosures: Election of Proceedings – CAFRA Form
CAFRA Seized Asset Claim Form

A FALSE STATEMENT OR CLAIM MAY SUBJECT A PERSON TO
PROSECUTION UNDER 18 U.S.C. § 1001 AND/OR 18 U.S.C. § 1621, AND MAY BE
PUNISHABLE BY A FINE AND IMPRISONMENT